Financial Report For the Fiscal Year End September 30, 2022



# Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 Financial Report For the Fiscal Year End September 30, 2022 Table of Contents

Page

Indep	endent Auditor's Report	1
	cial Section anagement's Discussion and Analysis	4
	atement of Net Position and Governmental Funds alance Sheet	7
	atement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,  xpenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	8
No	otes to the Financial Statements	9
Sto	red Supplementary Information atement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual bebt Service Fund	16
	ementary Information bbt Service Requirements and Tax Rate Calculations	18
Pri	ncipal Property Taxpayers	19
Dir	ect and Overlapping Debt and Taxes	20



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District), a component unit of Williamson County, Texas (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the District and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County, as of September 30, 2022, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board of Directors of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.<sup>5</sup>
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Board of Directors of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 6 and budgetary comparison on page 16 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

## **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Supplementary Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Tiduell L.L.P.

Austin, Texas March 30, 2023

Management's Discussion And Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

As management of the Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Overview of the District

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court on February 27, 2001, and confirmed at an election held within the District on May 5, 2001, and operated pursuant to Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution, Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Section 1471 of the Texas Government Code. The District was created for the main purpose of constructing or reimbursing the developers, Continental Homes of Texas, L.P., a Texas limited partnership, Avery Ranch, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, and Rathgeber Investment Company, Ltd., a Texas limited partnership, for the costs of constructing, acquiring by purchase, maintaining and operating a four-lane divided road within the District, known as Avery Ranch Boulevard. The District is located in the City of Austin and in the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Austin, all within Williamson County, Texas.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The liabilities of Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 exceeded its assets as of September 30, 2022, by \$2,213,521 (i.e., net deficit).
- The District's total net position increased by \$1,147,292 during the year.
- Cash and investments equaled \$234,191.
- Annual expenses consist of debt service payments and related debt service fees such as paying agent/registrar fees.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section); (2) government-wide financial statements, which include the fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet and statement of activities and governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that present information for the District as a whole and provide an indication of the District's financial health.

The statement of net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Management's Discussion And Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

In fiscal year 2022, the District's taxable assessed value totaled \$1,833,530,199 compared to \$1,647,788,100 in fiscal year 2021. The tax rate is set after reviewing operating and debt service requirements. The District's primary revenue source is property taxes.

The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District's funds are governmental funds and, as such, the financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 9 of this report.

# **Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. As of September 30, 2022, the District's liabilities exceeded assets by \$2,213,521.

#### **Avery Ranch Road District Net Position**

	2022		2021
Assets and deferred outflows	\$	239,440	\$ 265,270
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities		2,442,398 10,563	3,611,939 14,144
Total liabilities		2,452,961	3,626,083
Net position Restricted Unassigned		228,877 (2,442,398)	251,126 (3,611,939)
Total net position (deficit)		(2,213,521)	\$ (3,360,813)

Overall, the District had an increase in net position of \$1,147,292. This increase is primarily related to the District paying down the principal balance of bonded debt.

Management's Discussion And Analysis – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### Avery Ranch Road District's Change in Net Position

2022		2021		
		•		
\$	1,221,633	\$	1,221,624	
	7,159		898	
	1,228,792		1,222,522	
	15,872		15,170	
	65,628		93,688	
	81,500		108,858	
	1,147,292		1,113,664	
	(3,360,813)		(4,474,477)	
\$	(2,213,521)	\$	(3,360,813)	
	\$	\$ 1,221,633 7,159 1,228,792 15,872 65,628 81,500 1,147,292 (3,360,813)	\$ 1,221,633 \$ 7,159  1,228,792  15,872 65,628  81,500  1,147,292 (3,360,813)	

The Debt Service Fund remitted bond principal payments of \$1,125,000 and interest and fiscal charges of \$113,750 for fiscal year 2022.

The District owes \$2,340,000 to bond holders as of September 30, 2022. More detailed information about the District's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Discussion of Currently Known Facts, Decision or Condition in Fiscal Year 2023

The property tax base for fiscal year 2023 is \$2,183,129,148. The tax rate is \$0.0414 on each \$100 of taxable value. Approximately 100% of the property tax will be set aside for debt service.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, please contact the Williamson County Auditor's Office at (512) 943-1500; 710 Main Street, Suite 301, Georgetown, Texas 78626.

**Avery Ranch Road District No. 1**Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2022

400770	;	Debt Service	Totals	A	djustments	 atement of et Position
ASSETS  Cash and investments  Property tax receivable	\$	234,191 5,249	\$ 234,191 5,249	\$	-	\$ 234,191 5,249
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	239,440	\$ 239,440	\$		\$ 239,440
LIABILITIES						
Interest payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	10,563	\$ 10,563
Non-current liabilities					0.4.4.00	0.4.4.00
Due within one year		-	-		944,132	944,132
Due in more than one year			 -	_	1,498,266	 1,498,266
Total liabilities		-	-		2,452,961	2,452,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property taxes		5,014	 5,014		(5,014)	 -
Total deferred inflows						
of resources		5,014	5,014		(5,014)	-
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION Fund balance						
Restricted for debt service		234,426	 234,426		(234,426)	
Total fund balance		234,426	 234,426		(234,426)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	239,440	\$ 239,440			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)  Restricted for debt service  Unassigned			 		228,877 (2,442,398)	228,877 (2,442,398)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				\$	(2,213,521)	\$ (2,213,521)

**Avery Ranch Road District No. 1**Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Debt Service		Totals		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES								
Current								
General government	\$	15,872	\$	15,872	\$	-	\$	15,872
Debt service								
Principal		1,125,000		1,125,000		(1,125,000)		-
Interest and fiscal charges		113,750		113,750		(48,122)		65,628
Total expenditures/expenses		1,254,622		1,254,622		(1,173,122)		81,500
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes		1,220,980		1,220,980		653		1,221,633
Interest		7,159		7,159				7,159
Total general revenues		1,228,139		1,228,139		653		1,228,792
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(26,483)		(26,483)		1,173,775		1,147,292
FUND BALANCE / NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Beginning		260,909		260,909		(3,621,722)		(3,360,813)
Ending	\$	234,426	\$	234,426	\$	(2,447,947)	\$	(2,213,521)

Notes to the Financial Statements

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Reporting Entity**

Chapter 257 of the Texas Transportation Code and Chapter 1471, Texas Government Code allow a commissioners court of a county to establish one or more road districts in the county. A road district created pursuant to the Act is a political subdivision and a body corporate of the State of Texas. The Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 (the District) was created by order of the Williamson County Commissioners Court on February 27, 2001, in accordance with the Texas Government Code and Article III. Section 52 of the Texas Constitution.

The District is governed by the Williamson County Commissioners Court and is a component unit of Williamson County.

On May 11, 2001, the District's voters authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds for the purpose of reimbursing the developer for the construction costs of developing roads within the District. The District issues unlimited tax bonds to reimburse developers after each construction project is completed. The bonds are payable from property taxes.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported by property taxes and investment revenue.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental funds of the District with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. There was no activity in this fund in fiscal year 2022.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### Cash and Investments

Investments for the District are reported at amortized cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year. Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as changes on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Changes on refundings are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Fund Equity

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are nonspendable, restricted for, committed to, assigned and unassigned. These classifications reflect not only the nature of funds, but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

#### <u>Restricted</u>

Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amount restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Unassigned

Includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund, which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

#### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

#### **Deficit Net Position**

A net position deficit of \$2,213,521 exists in governmental activities as of September 30, 2022. This deficit is the result of the District issuing bonds to finance the construction of roads contributed to the City of Austin. As of September 30, 2022, the amount of bonds outstanding that were used to finance construction of assets transferred to the City of Austin was \$2,340,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements

# Note 3. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 234,426
Property tax revenues earned but not available within 60 days of the year ended are not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds	5,014
Accrued interest on bonds payable is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds	(10,563)
Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(2,442,398)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities	\$ (2,213,521)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities and change in fund balance of governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance are different because:

Change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (26,483)
Property tax revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds	653
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources	48,122
Principal payments on long-term obligations are expensed in the funds but reduce the balance of these obligations payable in the statement of net position	1,125,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,147,292

#### Note 4. Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment type	Α	mortized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool Prime	\$	233,473	12
Total investments	\$	233,473	

The District's investment in TexPool Prime, which is a 2a7-like pool, is recorded at amortized cost, which is believed to approximate fair value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Notes to the Financial Statements

TexPool Prime is duly chartered and overseen by the State Comptroller's Office, administered and managed by Federated Investors, Inc. State Street Bank serves as the custodial bank. The portfolio consists of U.S. Government securities; collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; AAA rated money market mutual funds; commercial paper and certificates of deposit.

TexPool Prime transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. The investment pool has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 180 days.

#### **Credit Risk**

It is the District's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. TexPool Prime was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

# Note 5. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions of the District for the year ended September 30, 2022:

Governmental Activities	eginning Balance	Additions		Additions		Additions Dele		Additions Deletions		Deletions		Ending Halance		Due Within One Year	
Refunding bonds	\$ 3,465,000	\$	-	\$	(1,125,000)	\$	2,340,000	\$	910,000						
Premium on issuance of bonds	 146,939		-		(44,541)		102,398		34,132						
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 3,611,939	\$	-	\$	(1,169,541)	\$	2,442,398	\$	944,132						

Long-term debt of the District consists of various issues of General Obligation Bonds. General Obligation Bonds require voter approval at a public election before issuance. The bonds constitute direct obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes levied upon all taxable property located within the District.

Issue Date	Description	Maturity	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Coupon Date	Outstanding Balance
	Unlimited Tax Refunding					
5/23/2019	Bonds, Series 2019	8/15/2025	\$ 3,550,000	3.0 - 4.0%	2/15, 8/15	\$ 2,340,000

# **Avery Ranch Road District No. 1**Notes to the Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Years Ending	Governmental Activities									
September 30,		Principal		nterest		Total				
2023	\$	910,000	\$	84,500	\$	994,500				
2024		720,000		57,200		777,200				
2025		710,000		28,400		738,400				
Total	\$	2,340,000	\$	170,100	\$	2,510,100				

**Required Supplementary Information** 

**Avery Ranch Road District No. 1**Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

	 Original and Final	 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	 				
Taxes	\$ 1,194,529	\$ 1,220,980	\$	26,451	
Interest	 900	 7,159		6,259	
Total revenues	1,195,429	1,228,139		32,710	
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	16,900	15,872		1,028	
Debt service					
Principal	1,125,000	1,125,000		-	
Interest and other charges	 113,950	113,750		200	
Total expenditures	1,255,850	1,254,622		1,228	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES					
UNDER EXPENDITURES	 (60,421)	(26,483)		33,938	
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 260,909	260,909		_	
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 200,488	\$ 234,426	\$	33,938	

# **Supplementary Information**

(Unaudited)

**Avery Ranch Road District No. 1**Debt Service Requirements and Tax Rate Calculations September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

# **Debt Service Requirements**

Years Ending	Outstanding Debt					
September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	910,000	\$	84,500	\$	994,500
2024		720,000		57,200		777,200
2025		710,000		28,400		738,400
Total	\$	2,340,000	\$	170,100	\$	2,510,100

# **Tax Rate Calculations**

Average annual Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2023-2025 \$0.03871 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$ \$	836,700 836,422
Maximum Tax Supported Principal and Interest Requirements, 2023	\$	994,500
\$0.04601 Tax Rate at 99% Collection Produces	\$	944,197

Principal Property Taxpayers September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

The following table represents the principal taxpayers within the District, the estimated taxable assessed value of such property, and such property's assessed value as a percentage of the District's 2022/2023 Certified Taxable Valuation of \$2,183,129,148.

			% of
	2	2022/2023 Taxable Assessed	
	Taxo		
Name of Taxpayer	Valuation		Valuation
WSP Development #6 Ltd.	\$	24,500,300	1.12%
AR Plaza LP		15,100,000	0.69%
Mcminn Partners LLC		4,288,926	0.20%
Altamira LLC		4,240,047	0.19%
Abacus School of Austin LLC		3,800,000	0.17%
Magnolia Hospitality Mgt. Co. LLC		3,776,703	0.17%
Waterstone/HTK Dev. Co. LLC		3,708,817	0.17%
RBH CNC Ltd.		3,459,448	0.16%
Comerica Bank Texas		3,098,800	0.14%
Salomon Development Co. LP		2,903,298	0.13%
Total	\$	68,876,339	3.14%

#### **Future Debt**

The District does not anticipate the issuance of any additional new money debt. Any such additional new money debt would require separate voter approval. The District, however, may from time to time issue refunding bonds.

Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt and Taxes September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Taxing Jurisdiction	Total Funded Tax Debt 9/30/2022		Estimated % Applicable	Overlapping Tax Debt 9/30/2022	
Avery Ranch Road District No. 1	\$	2,442,397	100.00%	\$	2,442,397
Austin Community College District		414,210,000	0.66%		2,733,786
City of Austin		1,467,530,000	1.02%		14,968,806
Leander ISD		1,034,845,519	3.18%		32,908,088
Round Rock ISD		794,720,000	1.58%		12,556,576
Williamson County		1,205,528,546	2.23%		26,883,287
Total direct and overlapping funded debt				\$	79,936,364

Ratio of direct and overlapping debt to taxable assessed valuation

3.66% 1

Set forth below is an estimation of taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by such jurisdictions. No recognition is given to local assessments for civil association dues, emergency medical service contributions, fire department contributions or any other charges made by entities other than political subdivisions. All the land located with the District lies within the County. The following chart includes the 2022/2023 taxes per \$100 of assessed valuation levied by all such taxing jurisdictions.

Taxing Jurisdiction	2022/2023 Tax Rates		
Avery Ranch Road District No. 1 Austin Community College District	\$ 0.0414 0.0987		
City of Austin Leander ISD	0.4627 1.2746		
Williamson County  Total estimated tax bill	\$ 0.3381 2.2155		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Excludes Round Rock ISD overlappting debt in order to avoid double-counting of debt.